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Inside Bulletin

2

Policy Insight Beti Bachao –
Haryana Fights
Foeticide Menace

Policy Insight Beti Bachao –
Strict Enforcement of
PCPNDT in Haryana

Policy Insight - 4-5
Beti Bachao –
Proactive Governance
makes way in Haryana

Policy DashboardPerformance
Dashboard,
Economic Fact sheet

Commentary 7-8
Section उग्रवाद प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में
यवा केन्द्रित योजनायें

Commentary 9-10 Section -PM Modi Embodies

PM Modi Embodie Sincerity in his Urgency for a New India

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"The true teachers are those who help us to think for ourselves"

- Dr. Sarvepalli Radhakrishnan

MANN KI BAAT - JAN KI BAAT

Part 35, 27th August, 2017 KEY HIGHLIGHTS

- People who take the law into their own hands and are on the path of violent suppression, neither this country nor any government will tolerate it. Each and every person will have to abide by the law; the law will fix accountability and the guilty will unquestionably be punished.
- In the month of Bhadra, Paryushan Parva is celebrated by the Jain Community. The last day of Paryushan Parva is observed as Samvatsari festival is symbolic of forgiveness, non-violence and brotherhood.
- These days, a new measure to gauge a new dimension, a new parameter, has come in to being. It determines what your upbringing has been, how modern you are, how modern your thinking is. And that measure is your level of environment consciousness.
- The eco-friendly Ganpati, in this Ganesha Festival has turned into a huge campaign. Children in every home are making earthen Ganesha idols, most widespread experiment in environment consciousness.

- The campaign for Cleanliness which was initiated three years ago will be marking its third anniversary on 2nd October. The positive results are now being seen as toilets have increased from 39% to almost 67% of the population and more than 2.3 lakhs villages have declared themselves ODF across the country.
- Gujarat saw devastating flood recently. After the water receded, there was so much filth everywhere. The volunteers of Jamiat-Ulema-e-Hind cleaned 22 affected temples and 3 mosques and set an example of unity for cleanliness.
- Let's resolve to celebrate, Gandhi Jayanti this year as 'Swachh' 2nd October and take the message 'Swachhta Hi Seva' to each and every home before the celebration of Gandhi Jayanti.
- Navika Sagar Parikrama, Six young women will embark on a voyage across the seas, in a small boat, INS Tarini. They will circumnavigate the globe and return home, after many months. This is the first instance of its kind in the world.



- The most important quality of a teacher, is to awaken in his students, a sense of creativity and the joy of learning. As we celebrate Teacher's Day this year, we should come together and take a resolve to "Teach to Transform, Educate to Empower, Learn to Lead".
- On August 28, 2017 PMJDY completed three years. 30 crore new families have been linked to this scheme, bank accounts have been opened and almost 65 thousand crore rupees have been deposited in banks by our underprivileged brethren.

BETI BACHAO – HARYANA FIGHTS FOETICIDE MENACE

Haryana's approach towards combating the menace is result oriented and focussed on addressing the immediate causes of concern. With the Health department taking the lead role through the PNDT doctors, the entire focus has been on taking immediate action against centres/ doctors/people involved in illegal sex determination. The state is focussed on bringing all diagnostic centres, sale of MTP kits at pharmacies and SSDs scam under the scanner and creating adequate deterrence for probable offenders. Three key factors which have been instrumental in bringing about the change are— a deterrent effect vigilance through several means and proactive Governance measures.

Marked Deterrence

The state has been put on a mission mode since the inception of Beti Bachao Beti Padhao program. The State supervisory board had earlier recommended conducting operations at USG Centres suspected for involvement in sex determination. The scenario indicated negligent attitude towards monitoring of sex selection activities and inefficient implementation of the PCPNDT act. However, post 2015; decoy operations have gained considerable prominence in state's action plan for improving the sex ratios.

Since 2015, a total of 459 FIRs have been registered under PNDT and MTP Act and more than 1000 culprits have been nabbed since then. Further, more than 500 USG machines have been sealed under PC-PNDT Act and 100 Chemist shops have been sealed for illegal sale of MTP Kits. A number of

convictions have been secured since then, including those of high profile and well-known doctors. Further, 92 Inter-State PC-PNDT raids have been conducted (Delhi-20, UP-44, Punjab-20, Rajasthan-8).

The Deputy CMOs in all districts have been identified and entrusted the task of ensuring rigorous implementation of the PCPNDT and MTP act. The designated doctors have been engaged full time in inspection and monitoring of USG centres/sex determination activities and conducting decoy operations.

Data shows there has been strict implementation of the PCPNDT in the state of Haryana and specifically in three selected sample districts of Jhajjar, Sonepat and Kurukshetra, post implementation of Beti Bachao Beti Padhao.

Districts	FIRs under PCPNDT and MTP					
	Till July 2017	Till 31.03.16		till July 2017		Total
	PNDT+MT P	PND T	MTP	PNDT	MTP	PNDT+MTP
Jhajjar	20	2	2	9	5	14
Sonepat	34	2	5	20	9	29
Kurukshetra	24	4	3	15	14	29
Haryana	N/A	3	96	- 1	159	459

With the network proliferating in theneighbouring states, the Haryana government also intensified the inter-district raids to ensure that rigorous law enforcement does not get diluted on account of easier avenues and safer havens in neighbouring states. Several interstate raids have been conducted by them since the inception of the program. Apart from this, convictions in high profile cases also sent out a strong message among the miscreants.

Similarly, such arrests and the subsequent infamy through media, created a deterrent effect, not only among such doctors/centres, but also among the seekers of such services among the general public.



Exemplary convictions, Impactful deterrence

Dr Meena Taneja, an affluent doctor, stood testimony to the fact that no amount of societal standing can shield the miscreants from the axe of the law. Her clinic in Bahadurgarh was raided by the Jhajjar PNDT team and the doctors found huge irregularities in her record keeping and established her guilt after subsequent investigation. She was booked under both PNDT and MTP act and sentenced to three years of imprisonment and a fine of Rs 22,500. The doctor had been conducting sex selections tests and subsequent abortions for years with impunity, irrespective of the fact that her agendas were quite known in the local circles. Her arrest also sent out a strong message to the illegal fraternity, said the PNDT team of Jhajjar.

Table 4- Data on Legal action taken up under PCPNDT in Haryana						
Indicators	Apr 2015- Mar 2016	Apr 2016-Mar 2017	Cumulative			
Suspension/ cancellation	58	117	663			
Seize & Seal	95	97	489			
Court Case	38	53	208			
Conviction	9	3	69 (40 doctors)			
License cancellation	2	0	14			
Licenses suspended	2	0	6			

BETI BACHAO – STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF PCPNDT IN HARYANA

Deterrence on the supply side

Interviewing law enforcement officers from the three districts, it was found that there has been a definitive deterrent effect post increase in frequency of raids. DSP of Jhajjar district also asserted that due to increased vigilance and random probability of sting operations, even the doctors/diagnostic centers earlier suspected of involvement in sex selection have become cautious in their dealings.

However, the DSP, Jhajjar further informed that this crackdown has driven the miscreants to devise newer strategies to conduct sex determination as demand for such tests still exists. Due to the increasing risk factors. USG machines are now carried in mobile vans and the tests are done secretly or even door-to-door service. Machines and MTP kits are now being informally smuggled and delivered through personal contact, creating newer challenges for the authorities. Nonetheless, such developments are under the government's scanner and actions are being undertaken even in this respect.

A Portable 6"x 4" Chinese USG found being used for SD providing door step services, a godown of cost effective, mobile Chinese USG machines has also been unearthed., two such machines supplied to Ambala were traced and the accused are still facing trial. Following the success in Jhajjar, intensive raids in other districts and a crackdown on sale of Sex Selection Drugs (SSDs) and culprits are booked



under PNDT and IPC 420.

Deterrence on the demand side

Interviewing the general public and grassroot functionaries at the block and village level, it was realized that while there is still a strong desire for a son, people are largely aware that any such test would invite penal action. Informal interaction with families with 2 or more daughters and pregnant mothers, revealed that though they were desperate for a son, going for a sex diagnosis was a clear no because of increased surveillance, 'sakhti bohot ho gayi hai' (stringency has increased) was a commonly held notion among the general public. While regressive mindsets are still prevalent, crackdown is a definitive deterrent. Health functionaries at the block level, including doctors, ANMs, Asha and Anganwadi workers, were found to be aware regarding sex selection activities and informed that many such informal centers which were proliferating initially in the neighbourhood have either been shut down or have been nabbed by the authorities. However, with lesser opportunities in the state, An ASHA worker in Rai Village of Sonepat District,

revealed that people now prefer going to neighboring states for such Tests, they also prefer sending their daughter-in-law to their maternal homes for sex determination. This out flux and percolation to neighbouring states also stands as a major challenge.

To combat this percolation of such centers to neighbouring areas the state has also tightened its onslaught on inter-state sex determination rackets. Following leads, the doctors undertake arduous follow-ups and lay traps at outdoor locations. Out of several raids, Jhajjar team raided unregistered centre at Nangloi New Delhi and arrested owner/tout .The seller of the mobile USG also arrested., Sonepat team busted racket of female foeticide spread in three States (Haryana, UP and Delhi) The team booked culprits from Noida and Mayur Vihar under PNDT/MTP Act etc. A total of 92 inter-state raids have been conducted till March 2017.

झज्जर की टीम ने भ्रूण लिंग जांच करते दिल्ली के रेडियोलॉजिस्ट को पकड़ा

Bhaskar News Network | Last Modified - Dec 31, 2016, 02:15 AM IST

झज्जर | स्वास्थ्यविभाग ने दिल्ली में नॉर्थ दिल्ली एडवांस डायग्नोस्टिक सेंटर में भ्रूण लिंग जांच का भांडा फोड़कर...

झज्जर | स्वास्थ्यविभाग ने दिल्ली में नॉर्थ दिल्ली एडवांस डायग्नोस्टिक सेंटर में भ्रूण लिंग जांच का भांडा फोड़कर रेडियोलॉजिस्ट डॉ. सान्याल कुमार को पकड़ा है। डॉक्टर समेत 3 लोगों के खिलाफ मामला दर्ज कर लिया है।

सीएमओ डॉ. रमेश धनखड़ ने बताया कि झज्जर की एजेंट सुरबाला ने भ्रूण लिंग जांच कराने का सौदा 15 हजार रुपए में किया था। सुरबाला ने दिल्ली के अपने सहयोगी मुन्ना के साथ शुक्रवार को लिंग जांच कराने का समय तय हुआ। यहां गर्भवती की भ्रूण लिंग जांच समय छापा मारकर 14 हजार रुपए समेत रेडियोलाजिस्ट को गिरफ्तार कर लिया।

BETI BACHAO – PROACTIVE GOVERNANCE MAKES WAY IN HARYANA

Heightened Vigilance

Another strategy adopted by the authorities has been of improving vigilance and oversight. Increased and methodical monitoring and inspections has helped in bringing to the fore several dormant areas in administrative functioning. Besides, it has helped unearthing several nefarious activities being adopted at the local levels for conducting sex determination and aborting the girl child.

Asha workers- eyes and ears of the administration

During our research and extensive interaction with Asha workers in villages, it was found out that they play a very crucial link in the entire crackdown on illegal centres. A majority of them identified with the cause of Beti Bachao Beti Padhao and took proactive steps to mobilize and motivate women to educate their girls and ensure proper nutrition. The workers keep a special vigil on families with first girl child or two or more girls, as according to the common perception they are most likely to go in for sex selection. Asha workers are the primary source of demographics and familial details of the assigned population on their tips, which they report to sub centres, where the data is further collated. However, it is ensured that Asha workers keep a vigil on each other as well. As narrated by staff of RAI village, Sonipat district about an ASHA worker who was involved in sex determination and MTP. was arrested after a coordinated action against her by district level authorities and other Asha activists.

The Asha workers also keep authorities informed on the local touts and quacks operating in remote areas befooling people. They , along with informing the authorities also educate the people regarding such miscreants and the futility of their claims. Rewarding such initiatives and encouraging others to pitch in, the state gives incentives to volunteer decoy customers and for tip offs by informers. 48 incentives have been given (released from State Budget in F.Y 16-17) and a cumulative figure of 86.



"Interaction with Ritu (name changed), an Asha worker in Kurukshetra, highlighted their spirit and motivation level. On receiving informal tip off on likely sex determination activities in a private ultrasound centre under her PHC, she first approached them on her own accord and then after getting confirmation she approached the Dy.CMO-PNDT and volunteered to become a decoy agent to bust the racket."

Their reach and access by means of informal relationship building helps them get crucial leads and insider information with regard to family pressures for sex determination and aborting the girl child. Even post delivery of girl child, they frequently do follow ups and ensure that the girl child is being taken care of proper nutrition and timely vaccinations. Asha Workers are also trained for giving pre-conception care to the women with timely folic activities and regular visits, which helps in both health care and also keeping a vigil. Asha's provide UPT kits for free as a means to stay informed about the pregnant women in the village.

Since the ASHA workers live among and belong to the village they have to monitor, hey possess significant outreach and influence among the people. They do counseling and try to educate the women and also assess their present status and plans. Door to door inspections and keeping a check on all the vulnerable households, was found to be a significant contribution by the grassroot health functionaries.

Further, the village wise monthly SRBs maintained at the PHC level, enables close monitoring of villages with low sex ratios. Greater vigilance is maintained in such areas.

Further, another strategy adopted by the ASHA workers is segregating the households demographically. Special vigil is maintained on households with one or more daughters. It is a general understanding that such households might go in for sex determination in pursuit of their wish for a male heir. Such households are considered to be 'high-risk' and are thus under their scanner.



"My strategy is to befriend the newly-wed girls in the village and become their close confidante so that she does not hide her pregnancy from me and gets herself registered in the first trimester itself, I also keep a close eye on families with two or more daughters for their probable efforts towards sex determination", said an ASHA worker in Rai village of Sonepat district, with the demeanour of a vigilance officer and determination of a soldier!

BETI BACHAO - PROACTIVE GOVERNANCE MAKES WAY IN HARYANA

(contd. from Page 4)

Early registration of pregnancies and institutional deliveries

There is a considerable stress on ensuring 100% registration of all pregnancies in the first trimester itself i.e. before a conclusive sex determination can be made. Registering the expecting mothers in the first 12 weeks of the pregnancy enables maintaining vigilance and close scrutiny over the registered women and also creates a deterrent effect among the family members who intend to get a sex test done.

Further, through early registration of pregnancies and ANCs, the pregnant women can be tracked till delivery. In case the pregnant woman goes missing after the registration, the matter can be reported to authorities. Such proactive techniques aid in accurately assessing the social parameters of the village and the tendencies towards sex determination and prospective avenues.

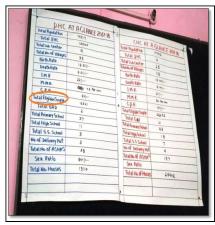
On visiting the PHCs and Sub centres it was observed that a detailed chart tracking the pregnancy stage, delivery status-whether successful, aborted or still born was clearly specified for each registered woman. The records maintained at village level helps the Asha workers to closely monitor and report any indications of sex determination tests. Details regarding her existing children their gender and age is also maintained. Specific attention is paid to those who already have one or more girls.

Further, under the Pradhan Mantri Surakshit Matritva Abhiyan, every pregnant woman in the block has to visit health centres for check up and regular immunization of the pregnant mother and the new born. Private practitioners are also involved in the health checkups, enabling greater vigil and mobilization of private health centres.

SMO Kanonda village, credited with 80% 1st trimester registration, informed us that people are particularly reluctant to get themselves registered at the time of pregnancies for fear of being tracked. Similar concerns were raised by Asha workers across districts; they said that women and specially their families have to be convinced for registration. Recounting her experience, one Asha worker said that she often feels unwelcomed in houses where they do not intend to get themselves registered and in

many cases maintain secrecy for as long as possible.

Each Subcentre regularly updates and monitors data for 'eligible couples' in their area.



However, apart from challenges, ANC registration has helped in increased monitoring and vigilance. The ANMs have to communicate the details to their superiors and in case of discouraging figures, the causes are investigated. The system has also created an accountability structure among the grass root health functionaries.

Further, There is also considerable emphasis on encouraging institutional deliveries to further ensure that curbing the practice of sending new-born girls to orphanages, in the 100 districts where it was implemented. As per NFHS 4, 2015-16 reports, Jhajjar achieved 91.2 % institutional deliveries in rural areas, Kurukshetra with 92.4% IDs and Sonipat achieved 84.9 %IDs. .Dr. Neeraj, NHM Incharge, Sonipat, informed that Ashas were mobilized to give instant information about any home deliveries at the CMO office. On getting the tip off, the entire team along with the CMO used to reach the reported house with an ambulance and police to discourage home deliveries.

Transparency & constant monitoring

The records maintained by the ANM also prove to be an important means of vigilance. ANM monthly reports are maintained at the sub-centre level. This monthly recording of real time data enables direct and swift action. Monthly data on total no. of pregnant women and the total no. of those registered in first, second and third trimester, details of their ANC check-ups, delivery, vaccination records is maintained in a printed Performa. The data maintained

allows for easy monitoring and access.

Further, boards with Red Green yellow categorization based on SRB trends in villages displayed at public offices, Gudda Guddi charts put up outside anganwadi centres create accountability on the ground staff by displaying the no. of girls and boys in the village. Each Subcentre regularly updates and monitors data for 'eligible couples' in their area. Such data helps in easy keeping constant vigil on child sex ratio in the village and naming/ shaming the village in open. Records maintained by diagnostic centres are also periodically inspected, every three months. Among the many forms provided under the PNDT act, suspicious omissions or erroneous information provided in Form F is taken by the authorities as an indication of malpractices.

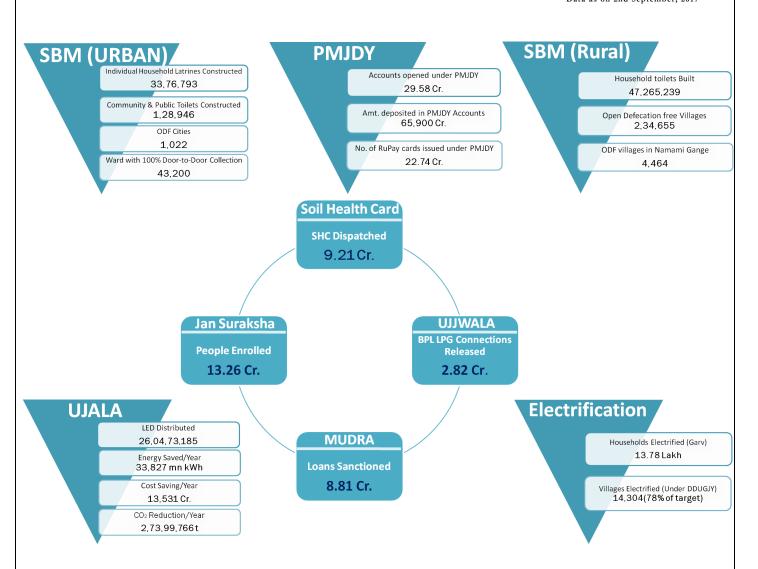


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POLICY DASHBOARD

PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

*Data as on 2nd September, 2017



ECONOMIC FACT SHEET

CPI Inflation (July) 2.36%	WPI Inflation (July) 1.88%	Index of Industrial Production (June) 3.1%	Current Account to GDP ratio (April) 0.6%
Trade Deficit (July) \$11.45 Billion	GDP 2016-17 annual growth rate 6.1%	Repo Rate (2017) 6%	Bank Rate (2017) 6.25%
SLR (2017) 20%	CRR (2017) 4%	Forex Reserves (August) 3,94,550 mn \$	USD/Rs (2 September 2017) ₹63.83/\$
Brent Crude (2 September 2017) 52.33\$/bbl	MCX Gold (Rs/10gms) (2 September 2017) 30,250	Nifty (2 September 2017) 9,974.40	Sensex (2 September 2017) 31,892.23

उग्रवाद प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में युवा केन्द्रित योजनायें

आंकड़ो के अनुसार भारत कुछ ही वर्षों में दुनिया का सबसे युवा देश होगा। इसका मतलब है सबसे अधिक युवा भारत में होंगे तथा कई वर्षो तक भारत दुनिया का सबसे अधिक युवाओं वाला देश बना रहेगा। आर्थिक विशेषज्ञ अपनी दुरदर्शी निगाहों से इसके कई फायदे देख रहे हैं मगर जिस तरह युवा फ़ौज होने के फायदे हैं उसी तरह उसके कुछ अन्य पहलू भी हैं। जैसे कि यदि भारत के सभी युवा, उद्योग तथा रोजगार आदि में लग जाते हैं तो भारत को दुनिया की सबसे बड़ी आर्थिक महाशक्ति बनने से कोई नहीं रोक सकता, मगर यदि यही युवा बेरोजगार रहते हैं तथा खाली रहते हैं, तो इनका रुझान गलत दिशा में मुड़ सकता है। यहाँ गलत दिशा से अभिप्राय कश्मीर के अलगाववाद, छत्तीसगढ़-झारखण्ड के माओवाद तथा पूर्वोत्तर के उग्रवाद से है। हाल ही में सुकमा में २५ जवानों को ३०० नक्सलवादियों ने मार दिया. इसी तरह कश्मीर में पैसे देकर यवाओं से पत्थरबाजी करवाई जा रही है तथा उन्हें आतंकवाद के दलदल में फंसाया जा रहा है। इसी तरह पूर्वोत्तर में असम के दौरे के दौरान शान्तिप्रिय दलाई लामा को भी उल्फा के लोगों ने धमकी दी थी। अफ़सोस की बात यह है के इन सभी घटनाओं में भारत के युवाओं का उपयोग भारत के ही खिलाफ किया गया। अब बात यह आती है के यदि युवा के पास रोजगार तथा काम के साधन होते तो क्या वो इस गलत दिशा में जाता? युनाइटेड नेशन की एक रिपोर्ट के मुताबिक भारत में २०१७ में १७.८ मिलियन बेरोजगार लोग हैं जो अगले साल १८ मिलियन तक पहुँच सकते हैं। १८ मिलियन का अर्थ है लगभग १.८ करोड़ युवा, इनके भविष्य के विषय में सोचकर भारत सरकार ने बहुत से सार्थक प्रयास हाल ही के दिनों में शुरू किये हैं। साथ ही साथ उन प्रदेशो में जहाँ किसी कारणवश आवश्यक सुविधाएँ तथा विकास नहीं पहुच पाया था वहाँ भी सरकार ने अपनी योजनाओं के जरिये विकास कार्य तथा रोजगार इत्यादि के कार्य शुरू कर दिए हैं। अधिकतर अलगाववाद, नक्सलवाद या आतंकवाद की घटनाएं छत्तीसगढ़. पर्वोत्तर तथा जम्म काश्मीर में सनने को आती है अतः इन जगहों पर भारत सरकार ने क्या क्या योजनायें उग्रवाद से निपटने तथा युवाओं को सही दिशा में लाने के लिए शुरू की हैं इस विषय पर इस लेख में चर्चा की गयी है।

शिक्षा के क्षेत्र में:

भारत सरकार देशभर में युवाओं को सही शिक्षा और समस्त आवश्यक संसाधन मुहैया करवाने का प्रयास कर रही है। इसी दिशा में जम्मू कश्मीर में सरकार ने २ नए एम्स खोलने तथा स्वास्थ्य स्थिति ठीक करने के लिए ४९०० करोड़ रूपये दिए हैं। यही नहीं जम्मू कश्मीर में रैली के दौरान प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने जम्हूरियत और इंसानियत की बात करते हुए ८०००० करोड़ रूपये का फण्ड जम्मू और कश्मीर को देने की घोषणा की है। द हिन्दू नामक अखबार की एक रिपोर्ट के मुताबित २००० से २०१६ के बीच केंद्र सरकार द्वारा आवंटित फण्ड का १० प्रतिशत फण्ड सिर्फ जम्मू और कश्मीर को दिया गया। इस तरह भारत सरकार जम्मू कश्मीर में हालात को बदलने के लिए पूरी तरह प्रयासरत है।

यही नहीं हाल ही में भारतीय सेना ने कश्मीर के वारामुला में एक सुपर ३० संस्थान शुरू किया जिसमे २६ बच्चो ने दाखिला लिया जिनमे से १५ ने इस बार आई.आई.टी. की प्रवेश परीक्षा पास कर ली है। यह इस बात का एक बेहतरीन उदाहरण है की किस तरह भारतीय सेना भी कश्मीर के युवाओं को गलत दिशा में जाने से रोकने के लिए अपनी तरफ से उनसे जुड़ने तथा उन्हें पढ़ाने का प्रयास कर रही है।

भारत सरकार के गृह मंत्रालय ने ३५ नक्सल प्रभावित ज़िले को १००० करोड़ रूपये की राशि दी है। इसमें झारखण्ड को ४५७.12 करोड़ , छत्तीसगढ़ २२८.५६ करोड़ , बिहार को १७१.४२ करोड़ , ओड़िसा को ५७.१४ करोड़ और महाराष्ट्र, आंध्रप्रदेश तथा तेलंगाना हर एक को 28.५७ करोड़ रूपये की राशी नक्सल प्रभावित जिलों के हिसाब से दी गयी है। यह सभी प्रयास इन क्षेत्रों को आतंक मुक्त



बनाने तथा यहाँ के युवाओं को मुख्य धारा से जोड़ने के लिए किये जा रहे हैं। इसी तरह रायपुर, बिलासपुर, जगदलपुर, अंबिकापुर में नक्सल प्रभावित क्षेत्रों ने छत्तीसगढ़ सरकार ने 'प्रयास' नामक विद्यालय खोले हैं। इनमें माओवादी इलाकों के गरीब आदिवासियों के बच्चों को उच्च स्तरीय शिक्षा दी जाती है। इस बार इनमें से २७ आदिवासी बच्चों का आई.आई.टी. में चयन हुआ है। छत्तीसगढ़ के मुख्यमंत्री ने इन सभी की तारीफ करते हुए, इन बच्चों को लैपटॉप उपहार स्वरुप दिए हैं तथा यह आदिवासियों में यह आशा जगाई है के वो सब भी माओवाद के जहर से दूर होकर मुख्यधारा से अपने आपको जोड़ सकते हैं। पूर्वोत्तर में भी प्रधानमंत्री नरेन्द्र मोदी ने 19 जनवरी २०१६ को इंडियन इंस्टिट्यूट ओफ इनफार्मेशन टेक्नोलॉजी (आई.आई.आई.टी, गुवाहाटी) की नीव रखी तथा कई स्किल डेवलपमेंट, मेडिकल, नर्सिंग आदि के कॉलेज तथा प्रशिक्षण संस्थान भी पूर्वोत्तर क्षेत्र में युवाओं की शिक्षा हेतु खोले गए।

रोजगार के क्षेत्र में :

उग्रवाद प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में रोजगार एक बड़ी समस्या है तथा उससे भी बड़ी समस्या कौशल विकास की है। इन इलाकों में युवाओं को कौशल तथा हुनर देने के लिए ३४ नक्सलवाद —माओवाद प्रभावित जिलों में भारत सरकार की 'रौशनी' तथा 'स्किल डेवलपमेंट' की योजनायें कार्यान्वित की जा रही हैं। अब तक रौशनी योजना के तहत बिहार में १०८५ उम्मीदवारों को प्रशिक्षण दिया जा चूका है जिसकी लागत १६.८२ करोड़ रूपये लगी है। इसी तरह ८ रौशनी परियोजनाओं में झारखण्ड के अन्दर ३९५६ प्रतिभागियों को प्रशिक्षण दिया जा चूका है जिसका खर्च १००.९६ करोड़ रूपये था। इसी क्रम में बिहार और झारखण्ड को 'स्किल डेवलपमेंट' के तहत क्रमशः ४१.६९ करोड़ तथा ६९.४८ करोड़ रूपये आवंटित किये गए हैं।

पूर्वोत्तर के राज्यों में रोजगार के अवसर प्रदान करने हेतु प्रधानमंत्री ने एन.इ.सी. (नार्थ ईस्टर्न काउंसिल) के तहत कई 'स्किल डेवलपमेंट' के कार्यक्रम शुरू किये हैं जिनमें कक्षा आठ से ऊपर के युवाओं के लिए ब्यूटीशियन, कंप्यूटर, सॉफ्टवेर, हार्डवेयर इत्यादि के प्रशिक्षण की व्यवस्था की गयी है। इसी के साथ एन.इ.सी. (नार्थ ईस्टर्न काउंसिल) ने पूर्वोत्तर के ८० युवाओं को छात्रवृत्ति प्रदान करके विवेक विहार , दिल्ली के उच्च स्तरीय कौशल विकास केंद्र में हॉस्पिटैलिटी और रिटेल के प्रशिक्षण हेतु भेजा है। इसके बाद इन्ही युवाओं को अपना व्यवसाय पूर्वोत्तर में खोलने के लिए प्रेरित किया जा रहा है तथा सरकार इनकी मदद इसमें कर रही है। इसी के साथ कई शिक्षण संसथान जैसे रीजनल इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ़ आर्किटेकचर एंड प्लानिंग , रीजनल इंस्टिट्यूट ऑफ़ पब्लिक हेल्थ, मेडिकल , नर्सिंग, सिविल एविएशन प्रशिक्षण आदि के संस्थान भी पूर्वोत्तर के राज्यों में खोले गए हैं। यही नहीं जब २० सितम्बर २०१६ को केंद्रीय शहरी विकास मंत्री वेंकैया नायडू जी ने जब देश में स्मार्ट शहरों की घोषणा की तो पूर्वोत्तर से दो शहरों को इसमें चुना गया जिनमे नागालैंड के 'कोहिमा', तथा सिक्किम

शेष अगले पृष्ठ पर...

उग्रवाद प्रभावित क्षेत्रों में युवा केन्द्रित योजनायें (पृष्ठ र का शेष...

के 'नामची' नामक शहरों को चुना गया। इन शहरों को स्मार्ट शहर बनाने में जो रोजगार उत्पन्न होगा उसमे भी पूर्वोत्तर के काफी युवाओं को रोजगार मिलने की संभावनाए हैं।

मिनिस्ट्री ऑफ़ डोनर (डेवलपमेंट ऑफ़ नार्थ ईस्ट रीजन) ने पूर्वोत्तर में नए व्यवसायों को बढ़ावा देने तथा युवाओं में उद्यमिता बढ़ाने हेतु वेंचर कैपिटल की व्यवस्था की है। इसके लिए १०० करोड़ के फण्ड की व्यवस्था की गयी है। इसमें आईटी, खाद्य प्रसंस्करण, स्वास्थ्य, पर्यटन इत्यादि के स्टार्टअप को बढ़ावा दिया जाएगा तथा युवाओं के नए विचारों को व्यवसाय के रूप में ढालने में सरकार पूरी मदद करेगी।

खेलों से सम्बंधित योजनायें :

सदानंद सोनोवाल जी के समय में खेल एवं युवा कल्याण मंत्रालय ने पंचायत युवा क्रीडा और खेल अभियान योजना की शुरुआत की थी। इस योजना में गाँव-गाँव में बच्चों को खेलो से जुड़ी हुई सभी सुविधाएँ उपलब्ध करवाना, ब्लाक लेवल पर प्रतियोगिताओं का आयोजन तथा काबिल युवाओं का चयन करके उन्हें खेल के क्षेत्र में आगे बढ़ाने का कार्य सरकार कर रही है। आज कई युवा झारखण्ड तथा पूर्वोत्तर के क्षेत्र से खेलकर देश के लिए मैडल जीत रहे हैं तथा दुनिया में भारत का नाम रौशन कर रहे हैं। यही नहीं खेलों में अच्छा प्रदर्शन कर रहे युवाओं को देश के लिए आदर्श के रूप में स्थापित करने के लिए भी सरकार कई कदम उठा रही है, इसी दिशा में कदम उठाते हुए भारत सरकार ने मणिपुर की मेरिकोम को राज्यसभा का सदस्य मनोनीत किया है। इससे पूर्वोत्तर के खिलाडियों का ना सिर्फ मनोबल बढेगा बल्कि खिलाडियों को अपनी बात सरकार में रखने का मौका भी मिलेगा।

इसी तरह जम्मू कश्मीर में मोदी जी ने रिलायंस फाउंडेशन के यूथ स्पोर्ट्स इनिशिएटिव को भी हरी झंडी दिखाई।

यह कार्यक्रम भी ' युवा एवं खेल मंत्रालय ' के ' खेलो इंडिया' से जुड़ा हुआ है तथा इसमें जम्मू कश्मीर के ८ शहरों में छोटे लड़के और लड़िकयों के अलग अलग वर्गों में फूटबाल मैच करवाए जायेंगे। इस तरह के कार्यक्रमों से बचपन से ही बच्चों में खेल के प्रति जागरूकता बढ़ती है तथा लड़िकयों को भी घर से बाहर निकलकर खेल में आगे बढ़ने का अवसर प्राप्त होता है। इस तरह जम्मू कश्मीर में युवाओं को खेल से जोड़ने के कई प्रयास किये जा रहे हैं तथा वहां स्टेडियम तथा अन्य खेल के संसाधनो की व्यवस्था की जा रही है। कई शहरों में खेल स्पर्धाओं का आयोजन हो रहा है तथा मोदी सरकार पिछले साल कश्मीर में खेलो के विकास के लिए २०० करोड़ रुपये प्रदान कर चुकी है।

नक्सल प्रभावित बस्तर छत्तीसगढ़ में भी सरकार ने तीरंदाजी तथा शूटिंग की बड़ी अकादिमयां खोलने का निर्णय िलया है जिससे यहाँ के बच्चे भी खेलों से जुड़ सकें तथा देश की मुख्यधारा में आकर अपना भिवष्य सुधार सकें। इसके पीछे मुख्यमंत्री रमण िसंह ने वहां के लोगों के हुनर को कारण बताया, उन्होंने कहा के बस्तर के बच्चे तीर कमान से बचपन से ही जुड़े होते हैं तथा इसे उठाना उनके लिए बहुत ही सहज होता है अतः इस इलाके में तीरंदाजी की अकादिमी खुलने से इनके हुनर को और ज्यादा निखारा जा सकता है तथा बाद में यह बच्चे तीरंदाजी में देश के लिए मैडल जीत सकते हैं। इस तरह सरकार आदिवासी इलाकों में भी युवाओं के भिवष्य के विषय में गहराई से विचार कर रही है जिससे के वो उग्रवाद के जाल में ना फंसकर अपने भिवष्य को संवार सकें।

स्वास्थ्य सम्बंधित योजनायें :

उग्रवाद तथा आतंकवाद प्रभावी इलाकों तथा आदिवासी इलाकों में सरकार युवाओं के स्वास्थ्य पर भी ध्यान केन्द्रित कर रही है तथा कई ऐसी योजनायें इन इलाकों के लिए बनायी जा रही हैं जिससे युवाओं के स्वास्थ्य तथा रोजगार की



स्थिति को इन इलाकों में सुधारा जा सके। प्रधानमंत्री मोदी जी हाल ही में जम्मू कश्मीर के लिए १९००० करोड़ रूपये आवंटित किये हैं जिनमे से ४९०० करोड़ रूपया जम्मू कश्मीर में स्वास्थ्य सम्बंधित योजनाओं पर खर्च होने वाली हैं जिसमे २ एम्स बड़े शहरों में खोले जायेंगे तथा प्राथमिक उपचार केंद्र और बाकी अस्पतालों को भी और अधिक सुधारा जाएगा।

उत्तर पूर्व के राज्यों के लिए 'स्वास्थ्य उत्तर पूर्व' योजना की शुरुआत की गयी है जिसके अंतर्गत पूर्वोत्तर भारत के सभी राज्यों में स्वास्थ्य सेवाओं को बढाया जा रहा है। इसमें कई प्राथमिक उपचार करने वाले चिकित्सकों को प्रशिक्षण देकर उनकी गुणवत्ता का सुधार किया जाएगा तथा पहले चरण में अरुणाचल, असम, मेघालय, मिजोरम में कार्य शुरू किया जाएगा उसके बाद बाकी राज्यों में भी इसे फैलाया जाएगा। इसमें चिकित्सक, सरकारी कर्मचारी, नर्स इत्यादि को प्रशिक्षित किया जाएगा तथा पब्लिक-प्राइवेट के तालमेल से चिकित्सा तंत्र में भी सुधार किया जाएगा।

निष्कर्ष एवं सुझाव:

भारत सरकार तथा राज्य सरकार शिक्षा से लेकर स्वास्थ्य तक तथा खेलों से लेकर रोजगार एवं उद्यमिता से युवाओं को जोड़ने का सराहनीय प्रयास कर रही है। इससे बहत सी जगहों पर उग्रवाद, अलगाववाद तथा आतंकवाद में कमी आई है। यही नहीं विमुद्रीकरण जैसे फैसलों से सरकार ने काले धन से पनपने वाले उग्रवाद पर भी बहुत हद तक रोक लगा दी है। हाल ही के दिनों में बहुत से नक्सालियों ने पैसे के अभाव में उग्रवाद का रास्ता छोड़ कर आत्मसमर्पण किया है। यही नहीं कश्मीर में भी युवा अब खुलकर बोलने लगे हैं के वो अपनी मर्जी से पत्थर नहीं फेकते बल्कि बेरोजगारी के कारण उनसे पैसे देकर तथा डरा धमकाकर पत्थर फिकवाने तथा आतंक फैलाने के काम करवाए जाते हैं। इसी तरह पूर्वोत्तर के राज्यों में भी नागा पीस एकॉर्ड समझौते के तहत वहां के अलगाववादियों ने भी हथियार छोड़कर सरकार के साथ मिलकर काम करने का निर्णय लिया है। यह सभी कुछ संभव हुआ है सरकार की प्रभावी योजनाओं तथा कड़े फैसलों के कारण, इसी दिशा में सरकार को अब उन सुदुर इलाकों में पहुचना चाहिए जहाँ पीछे ६५ सालों में सरकारें किसी कारण वश नहीं पहुच सकी ताकि वहां के युवाओं से संवाद कायम हो सके, तथा भारत के हर युवा को स्वास्थ्य, रोजगार तथा मूल भूत सुविधाएं मिल सकें। संवाद के अभाव के कारण की अलगाववादी तथा उग्रवादी तत्व युवाओं को भड़काने में कामयाब हो जाते हैं यदि उचित संवाद सरकार तथा जनता में बना रहे तो भारत के युवा देश को विश्व शक्ति के रूप में पुनः स्थापित कर सकते हैं।

- शुभम वर्मा

(योजना-जून २०१७ में प्रकाशित)

लोक नीति शोध केंद्र

PM MODI EMBODIES SINCERITY IN HIS URGENCY FOR A NEW INDIA

Prime Minister Narendra Modi's Independence Day Speech, as usual, had some clear takeaways - to be specific, three!

At the outset, his message was of sensitivity towards those who have suffered in recent tragic incidents, especially the painful deaths of children at a Gorakhpur hospital. Also, he expressed grief towards those who have faced loss of family in recent floods and other natural calamities.

The next was his report to the Nation! In a spirit of accountability, he informed the people about the progress achieved by his government on several fronts, including war on corruption and black money, women's empowerment, entrepreneurship, development, ease of doing business and other such things.

The third takeaway was his sense of urgency. At the end of his speech, he came out as a man in a hurry with genuine passion for increasing the pace of national development in a time-bound manner.

Narendra Modi, the Effortless Speaker

Prime Minister Modi is known for well-structured speeches. His treatment to his speech is like that of an artiste. Like every other work, he treats his speech as a piece of art, ensuring a perfect choice of words, measured voice modulation, an artful interweaving of logically presented thoughts, and a deep emotional appeal. Besides that, he also has cultivated an inimitable style of taking his countrymen into confidence.

Free from the artificial burden of secularism, the nation saw a Prime Minister unhesitatingly wishing all his countrymen for Janmashtami. In those hundreds of kids right before him, he saw Krishna as a child. His linking Krishna with a Sudarshan-Chakra in his hand to Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi working on wheel of a Charkha was something remarkable, while underscoring the continuity of our civilisational heritage.

In continuation, he reminded people about the importance of 2017; which happens to be the 70th anniversary of Independence, 75th of Quit India, 100th of Champaran Movement and 125th of Sarvajanik Ganeshotsav; all important milestones of our glorious history.

A New India, Free From Evils

Juxtaposed with his appeal for rededicating ourselves to the cause of creating a New India, free from casteism, communalism, corruption, poverty and dirt, these references to these motivating chapters of our history make perfect

Also important was his reference to Kashmir, underscoring once again that indulgence in name-calling or violence will not lead to any enduring solution to the vexed issue. Without any ambiguity, he forthrightly pointed out that love, affection and compassion is the only way ahead in Jammu and Kashmir.



Also reassuring was his observation about the poor and the deprived not remaining in the periphery and becoming the nation's mainstream, an oblique reference to the fact that all occupants of constitutional positions are from poor sections. But perhaps his statement that today, a festival of honesty and Integrity is being celebrated, deserves the most special mention.

A Report Card On How the Country Has Faired?

Although there were no new announcements of any welfare programmes, the Prime Minister used this opportunity to report to the people the progress on the fronts of social and economic security.

One can't miss the importance of his statements on lowering of the prices of stents and knee replacements as well as dialysis being made available in district places from the point of view of Garib Kalyan!

The Modi government has faced several taunts and derisive remarks about its efforts to eradicate black money and end corruption. In this backdrop, he made three important revelations.

Similarly, his bold assertion that some three lakh shell companies were found after demonetisation and over half of which have now been deregistered, was important for multiple reasons.

A few months ago, PM Modi had said that while his government can make some bonafide mistakes, its intentions cannot be challenged. This unchallenged purity of purpose is the most hard-earned jewel of Prime Minister Modi's treasure. No wonder, the Opposition is and will be leaving no stone unturned to steal this jewel. All these elaborate references to his war on corruption in the Prime Minister's speech are an indication that he realises this fact.

PM MODI EMBODIES SINCERITY IN HIS URGENCY FOR A NEW INDIA

(contd. from Page 9)

The Prime Minister's stern warning to those indulging in violence in the name of faith should suffice in silencing the doubting Thomases. On this issue, it must be noted that the Prime Minister has been consistently aggressive and emphatic. The Home Ministry's repeated directives to the States in this regard are also abundantly clear.

Change Attitude and Everything Will Follow'

There also appears a discerning theme of taking everybody together through his repeated references to Team India, his mention of 'Bharat Jodo' and and his reaching out to women suffering from the injustices caused by Triple Talaq! His evidently integrationist approach was aimed at preparing the people to collectively work for a New India.

But the most significant message to the nation was his emphasis that we all have to shed the Chalta Hai attitude and cultivate Badal Sakta Hai approach. In a way, he was trying convey that while he has the courage of conviction and the grit to transform India, people will have to help him by resolutely working for the same!

And he hastened to reassure that the Tantra will work for Lok, and not the other way around. That the PM wants to 'hasten slowly' was also evident with his reference to the new Millenials – those born in 2000 – becoming voters in January next.

Again, his drawing parallels between 1942-47 and 2017-22 was remarkable.

Perhaps he wanted to suggest that if Purna Swaraj was the clarion call of 42-47, 17-22 should mark Purna-Su-Raj! Not for no reason, he wanted everybody to work for making Su-Raj, or Good Governance, a birth right. Understandably, he is preparing all for a time-bound transformation!

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